Week 5 Discussion

Wednesday, April 29, 2020 1:57 PM

Uniform density sphere

$$\rho(r) = \begin{cases} const, r \leq a \\ 0, r \geq a \end{cases}$$



radial force $F_r(r)=?$ potential $\phi(r)=?$ Potential energy (PE)=?

(i)
$$F_r = -\frac{G_rMm}{r^2} = -\frac{G_rm}{r^2} \int_0^r (-4\pi r^2 dr)^{-r} dr$$

$$M(< r)$$

(ii)
$$\phi(r) = -\left[\frac{GM(cr)}{r} + 4\pi G\int_{r}^{a} \rho(r) \cdot r dr\right]$$

$$= -\frac{G}{k} \cdot \left[\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{2} - 4\pi G\rho\right] \cdot \left[\frac{1}{3}(\alpha^{2} - r^{2})\right]$$

$$= -\frac{4}{5}\pi G\rho r^{2} - 2\pi G\rho\left(\alpha^{2} - r^{2}\right)$$

(iii)
$$PE = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i}^{a} m_{i} \phi(r_{i}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{a} \phi(r_{i}) \cdot \rho \, dV$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{a} -2\pi G \rho^{2} (a^{2} - r^{2}) \, 4\pi r^{2} dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{a} -2\pi G \rho^{2} (a^{2} - r^{2}) \, 4\pi r^{2} dr$$

$$= -4\pi^{2} \rho^{2} G \int_{0}^{\alpha} (\alpha^{2} r^{2} - \frac{r^{4}}{3}) dr$$

$$\frac{\alpha^{2} \cdot \alpha^{3} - \frac{\alpha^{5}}{15} = \frac{4}{55} \alpha^{5}}{\alpha^{5}}$$

$$= -4\pi^{2} \rho^{2} G \cdot \frac{4}{15} \Omega^{5} = -\frac{16}{15} \pi^{2} G \rho^{2} \Omega^{5}$$
Substitute $M = \frac{4}{5} \pi \Omega^{3} \rho$ into PE

Compare with general form:

$$PE = -\frac{GM^2}{27r}$$
 where $7 \sim 1$

-> uniform Lensity sphere.

(iv) obtained PE

> virial theorem to get mass M

-> check week-4 discussion note.

HW4 hints :

- what about Plummor sphere?

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2 + \alpha_p^2}} = \frac{3 \alpha_p^2}{4 \pi} \cdot \frac{M}{(r^2 + \alpha_p^2)^{5/2}}$$

$$\phi(r) = -\frac{GM}{\sqrt{r^2 + \alpha_p^2}}$$

- surface density [[R,S]

$$z \int_{\infty}^{\infty} \rho(r) \cdot dz$$

- check week-z discussion note.

(surface brightness).