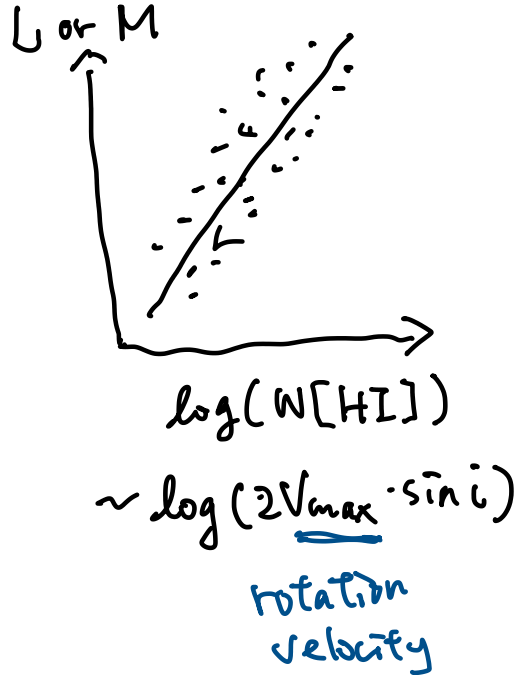


Tully-Fisher Relation

Strong empirical correlation

$$\underline{L \propto V_{\max}^4}$$



$$\textcircled{1} \quad \underline{M(<r) = \frac{r V^2(r)}{G}}$$

$$\rightarrow M \propto V_{\max}^2 \cdot h_R \rightarrow L \propto V_{\max}^4$$

$\frac{M}{L} \text{ and } I(0) \sim \text{const}$

② Lower $I(0)$ in low-surface brightness galaxies

\rightarrow if TF still remains true

$$\rightarrow \underline{\text{higher } \frac{M}{L} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{I(0)}}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad M(<r) = \frac{r V^2(r)}{G}$$

\Rightarrow At $r = h_R$:

$$M(<h_R) = \frac{h_R \cdot V^2(h_R)}{G}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{h_R V^2(h_R)}_{V_{\max}^2} = G \underbrace{M(<h_R)}_{\approx M}$$

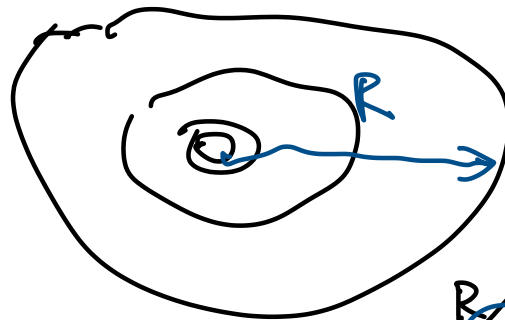
$$\Rightarrow M \propto V_{\max}^2 \cdot h_R$$

$$\Rightarrow h_R \propto \frac{M}{V_{\max}^2} \Rightarrow h_R^2 \propto \frac{M^2}{V_{\max}^4} \quad \checkmark$$

Recall HW4: $L_D = 2\pi I(0) \cdot h_R^2 \quad \checkmark$

$$\Rightarrow L_D \propto h_R^2 \propto \frac{M^2}{V_{\max}^4}$$

If $\frac{M}{L}$ and $I(0) \sim \text{const}$



$$I(R) = I(0) e^{-\frac{R}{h_R}}$$

outside h_R

$\Rightarrow \Sigma(R)$ drop for factor $> e$

M

$\Rightarrow L \propto M^2$

M^2

$$\frac{1}{L} \sim \text{const} \Rightarrow \underline{L \propto M} \quad M \propto \frac{\rho}{V_{\max}^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M}{V_{\max}^4} \sim \text{const}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{L \propto V_{\max}^4}$$

② $I(0) \neq \text{const}$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} h_R^2 \propto \frac{L}{I(0)} \\ h_R^2 \propto \frac{M^2}{V_{\max}^4} \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \frac{M^2}{V_{\max}^4} \propto \frac{L}{I(0)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M}{L} \cdot \frac{M}{\underbrace{V_{\max}^4}_{\propto L}} \propto \frac{1}{I(0)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{M}{L} \right)^2 \propto \frac{1}{I(0)}$$



$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\Sigma}{L} \right) \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{I(0)}}$

